- 1. Use Fermat's Method to compute the derivative of y = mx + b where m and b are any real numbers. Explain your result.
- 2.
- a. Use Fermat's Method to compute the derivative of  $y = (x-1)^2$ . Hint: To compute  $(x+h-1)^2$ , think of h-1 as "one number," then multiply in stages. The first stage is:  $(x+[h-1])^2 = x^2 + 2x(h-1) + (h-1)^2$ .
- b. Sketch  $y = (x-1)^2$  and  $y = x^2$  together on the same grid.
- c. Sketch the tangent line at x = 2 for  $y = x^2$  and determine the equation for the line.
- d. For which value of x is the tangent line for  $y = (x-1)^2$  parallel to the tangent line at x = 2 for  $y = x^2$ ? Give the point, sketch the line and determine the equation for the line. Label clearly.
- 3.
- a. Use Fermat's Method to compute the derivative of  $y = -(x-1)^2$ .
- b. Sketch  $y = -(x-1)^2$  and  $y = (x-1)^2$  together on the same grid.
- c. Sketch the tangent line at x = 2 for  $y = (x-1)^2$  and the tangent line at x = 2 for  $y = -(x-1)^2$  and determine the equation for each line. Label clearly.
- d. How does the derivative of  $y = -(x-1)^2$  compare to derivative of  $y = (x-1)^2$ ? How can you see this in your graphs? Explain.