Apply mathematics in a variety of settings. Build new mathematical knowledge through problem solving. Solve problems that arise in mathematics and in other contexts. Apply and adapt a variety of appropriate strategies to solve problems. Monitor and reflect on the process of mathematical problem solving.

| Process Dimensions | **6/5 | 4 | 3 | *2 / 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Making Sense of the Task Interpret the concepts of the task and translate them into mathematics. | The interpretation and/or translation of the task are <br> - thoroughly developed and/or <br> - enhanced through connections and/or extensions to other mathematical ideas or other contexts. | The interpretation and translation of the task are <br> - adequately developed and <br> - adequately displayed. | The interpretation and/or translation of the task are <br> - partially developed, and/or <br> - partially displayed. | The interpretation and/or translation of the task are <br> - underdeveloped, <br> - sketchy, <br> - using inappropriate concepts, <br> - minimal, and/or <br> - not evident. |
| Representing and Solving the Task <br> Use models, pictures, diagrams, and/or symbols to represent and solve the task situation and select an effective strategy to solve the task. | The strategy and representations used are <br> - elegant (insightful), <br> - complex, <br> - enhanced through comparisons to other representations and/or generalizations. | The strategy that has been selected and applied and the representations used are <br> - effective and <br> - complete. | The strategy that has been selected and applied and the representations used are <br> - partially effective and/or <br> - partially complete. | The strategy selected and representations used are <br> - underdeveloped, <br> - sketchy, <br> - not useful, <br> - minimal, <br> - not evident, and/or <br> - in conflict with the solution/outcome. |
| Communicating Reasoning <br> Coherently communicate mathematical reasoning and clearly use mathematical language. | The use of mathematical language and communication of the reasoning are <br> - elegant (insightful) and/or <br> - enhanced with graphics or examples to allow the reader to move easily from one thought to another. | The use of mathematical language and communication of the reasoning <br> - follow a clear and coherent path throughout the entire work sample and <br> - lead to a clearly identified solution/outcome. | The use of mathematical language and communication of the reasoning <br> - are partially displayed with significant gaps and/or <br> - do not clearly lead to a solution/outcome. | The use of mathematical language and communication of the reasoning are <br> - underdeveloped, <br> - sketchy, <br> - inappropriate, <br> - minimal, and/or <br> - not evident. |
| Accuracy <br> Support the solution/outcome. | The solution/outcome is correct and enhanced by <br> - extensions, <br> - connections, <br> - generalizations, and/or <br> - asking new questions leading to new problems. | The solution/outcome given is <br> - correct, <br> - mathematically justified, and <br> - supported by the work. | The solution/outcome given is <br> - incorrect due to minor error(s), or <br> - a correct answer but work contains minor error(s) <br> - partially complete, and/or <br> - partially correct | The solution/outcome given is <br> - incorrect and/or <br> - incomplete, or <br> - correct, but <br> - conflicts with the work, or <br> - not supported by the work. |
| Reflecting and Evaluating <br> State the solution/outcome in the context of the task. <br> Defend the process, evaluate and interpret the reasonableness of the solution/outcome. | Justifying the solution/outcome completely, the student reflection also includes <br> - reworking the task using a different method, <br> - evaluating the relative effectiveness and/or efficiency of different approaches taken, and/or <br> - providing evidence of considering other possible solution/outcomes and/or interpretations. | The solution/outcome is stated within the context of the task, and the reflection justifies the solution/outcome completely by reviewing <br> - the interpretation of the task <br> - concepts, <br> - strategies, <br> - calculations, and <br> - reasonableness. | The solution/outcome is not stated clearly within the context of the task, and/or the reflection only partially justifies the solution/outcome by reviewing <br> - the task situation, <br> - concepts, <br> - strategies, <br> - calculations, and/or <br> - reasonableness. | The solution/outcome is not clearly identified and/or the justification is <br> - underdeveloped, <br> - sketchy, <br> - ineffective, <br> - minimal, <br> - not evident, and/or <br> - inappropriate. |

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[^0]:    ** 6 for a given dimension would have most attributes in the list; 5 would have some of those attributes.
    *2 for a given dimension would be underdeveloped or sketchy, while a 1 would be minimal or nonexistent.

